

The Daily Republican.

HAMSEHER & MOSSER,
PUBLISHERS.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Monday Evening, August 7.

National Republican Ticket.

For President,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
of Ohio.
For Vice President,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,
of New York.

Republican State Ticket.

For Governor,
SHIRLEY M. CULLOM,
of Sangamon.
For Lieutenant Governor,
ANDREW SHUMAN,
of Cook.
For Secretary of State,
GEORGE H. HARTLOW,
of Tazewell.
For Auditor of Public Accounts,
THOMAS B. NEEDLES,
of Washington.
For Treasurer,
EDWARD RUTZ,
of St. Clair.
For Attorney General,
JAMES K. EDWARDS,
of LaSalle.
For Congress,
JOSEPH G. CANNON,
of Vermilion county.
For Member of the Board of Equalization,
WILLIAM T. MOFFETT,
of Macon county.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION AND ITS WORK.

The Republican County Convention which met last Saturday was without doubt the largest ever held in the county, and while this remark applies more particularly to the convention proper it is also true that the number of spectators present was also much larger than on any similar occasion in the past. It seems to be generally conceded among the people that the Republicans are certain to carry Macon county this year by an increased majority, and, as a natural consequence, there was a great degree of interest felt as to the composition of the ticket, since the candidates nominated are so sure to be elected.

The convention was in all respects a representative body, many of the leading and most influential citizens of the county being among the delegates. The presence of numbers who have for three years past acted with the Independents, but who are now in full sympathy with the Republican party, was a marked feature of the convention, and the prominent part taken by some of them doubtless struck consternation to the hearts of the Democratic leaders who had hoped that they were clear over into the Bourbon camp.

No more harmonious convention was ever held in Macon county, and the earnestness displayed, together with the evident intention upon the part of each and every delegate to make such a ticket as could not be beaten, gave the very strongest assurance of success. The ticket placed in the field is a most excellent one in every way. For circuit clerk, the convention nominated for re-election EDWIN MCCELLAN, whose eight years of experience in that office have given the most unbounded satisfaction to the public. There was but one sentiment in the convention with regard to that office, and that was that a change could not possibly be for the better.

MARTIN FORSTMYER, who was nominated for sheriff, is one of the best known of our citizens. He has resided in Decatur more than twenty years, and during that time has held various local offices, in all of which he has acquitted himself with great credit. In every public position occupied by him he has done his whole duty, and it is a common remark that Martin Forstmyer has performed more gratuitous work for the public than any other man in Decatur. He is entirely competent to discharge the duties of the office, and will make a popular and efficient sheriff.

For the office of county attorney the convention nominated Dr. J. BROWN, a gentleman of wide acquaintance and good reputation. Though better known as a physician, he has been a member of the Decatur bar for several years, and has had considerable experience in the legal profession. He will make a good attorney.

Dr. CARR CROMBIE was placed in nomination for coronor—an office that he will fill with distinguished ability. The functions of a coronor are usually exercised after it is too late for a doctor to do any good to "the party of the first part." Yet a medical man must always be called in, and why not have one clothed with official authority?

The convention decided not to

elect delegates to the representative convention, owing to the fact that no call had been issued for the latter. It will therefore be necessary to hold another county convention for that purpose.

"REFORM IS NECESSARY."

Indianapolis Journal.

It is not a pleasant duty to expose the true inwardness of Governor Hendricks and the hollowness of his professions of reform, but it is a duty nevertheless. The record of a public man is public property, and no matter what it may contain he must face it. We published yesterday the official record of Mr. Hendricks' connection with the fraudulent claim of Charles W. Hall and E. A. Smith against the government on account of mules alleged to have been furnished during the war. The evidence shows that Hall and Smith were both rascals, that they attempted to defraud and did defraud the government out of a large sum of money, and that both of them were sentenced to the penitentiary. After this Mr. Hendricks, then Senator of the United States, became the agent and attorney of their bogus claims against the government. By some housekeeping it was assigned to Wm. Henderson, of this city, a cousin of Mr. Hendricks, but whom the latter innocently represented as a constituent of his. The claim was vigorously pressed before the War Department while Mr. Hendricks was in the Senate, and after he retired from that body he continued to urge it before the Senate and the Department. Let it be borne in mind all this time that the claim grew out of a fraud on the government, and that both the claimants, Hall and Smith, had been found guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary. Finally, in 1871, eight years after the perpetration of the fraud in which the claim originated, it was paid into Mr. Hendricks' hand—\$7,860.

Now, here is the sequel. After Hall's conviction and sentence Mr. Hendricks undertook to procure his pardon from the President, and was successful. After procuring his pardon he undertook to have him appointed to a responsible position in the New York Custom-house, and in this he was also successful. So that he actually succeeded in having Charles W. Hall, a convicted swindler of the Government, pardoned out of the penitentiary and appointed to a position in the New York Custom-house. In view of these facts, not one of which can be controverted, we should be pleased to hear some explanation from the reform candidate, or his friends, of the amount and kind of fee he received for his services. Did Mr. Hendricks really own the Smith & Hall bogus mule claim, and was the assignment to Henderson a mere pretense and fraud? These are pertinent questions.

TENNESSEE and Texas have been under Democratic rule uninterruptedly for several years. In both States the Republicans had control for a few years after the war, during which some excellent legislation was passed, common schools were established and other reforms accomplished. Since the Democrats came into power it has been the principal aim to undo most that the Republicans did, and they have so far succeeded that both States are now the victims of the worst kind of misrule. The Memphis *Avant-courier*, a leading Democratic paper, says that the State debt in Tennessee is increasing, and that the people cannot possibly pay their taxes, and in some quarters repudiation of the State debt is openly hinted at. In Texas the condition of affairs is even worse. The *San Antonio Herald*, a Democratic paper, says:

"In our Legislature the characteristic feature is waste and extravagance. Offices are multiplied, salaries increased, and the people's domain squandered in the most reckless manner; but the sacred trust—the school fund, amounting to \$800,000—committed to their fiduciary care is also seized and appropriated to the payment of the mileage and per diem and other expenses of this session of the Legislature, and to make good the deficit in the State Treasury, caused in part by the expenses incurred for the Constitutional Convention. We are cursed with a Legislature, one of a series, which, by its majorities, in spite of the benevolence of Providence, ground us down with the iron heel of oppression, have piled taxes upon taxes, have executed the very laws they themselves enacted. They have run the expenditures of the State from a couple of hundred thousand dollars a year into millions. In the meantime they place their sacrilegious hands upon every actual dollar and cash assets in the treasury, as the special school fund, which should be a secure fund, and this they squander to bridge over what the Legislature deems an emergency."

The sudden collapse of the Chicago *Evening Telegraph*, started eight weeks ago by Mr. Storey, of the *Times*, with a great flourish of trumpets, is announced. A man of Mr. Storey's age and experience ought to have known before he undertakes a contract a man enters into when he undertakes to establish a daily newspaper. We are not astonished at the failure of the enterprise, but we are astonished that Storey, after having started it, did not continue the experiment longer.—*St. Louis Globe Democrat*.

LONG BRANCH IN ITS GLORY.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Mail.]

As there is no lack of young men the ball rooms in all the hotels are brilliantly lighted, and teem with youth and beauty, wealth and splendor, gorgeously glittering diamonds, and tamed-looking glass, a mingling of brass and other trinkets with real, which look very well in the distance, and the wearers are very much at ease, as they run no risk of losing their jewel cases. Some of the ladies' dresses are very pretty this season. White over black is worn by the most fashionable belles. Miss Minnie Fisher, Miss M. Warren, of New York, Miss Florence Estelle, Miss Baker, and the charming Misses Burton, of Philadelphia, are the most notable belles of the day. Several young ladies, and a few who are not young, have taken to the hideous fashion of wearing their hair in soft soap scallions which makes them look so stiff and pronounced that they are painful to look at.

Blonde type predominates here this year, and the low coil of the hair at the back of the head makes a nice contrast for the mound worn at the top, a fashion that some correspondent styled a *Madame de Victoria*, evidently derived from mansard roofs, a very appropriate term, as almost every lady you meet appears to have an additional roof on her head.

We all know what beautiful drives there are round Long Branch, and how they are enjoyed by those who are fortunate enough to indulge in this pleasure. All kinds of elegant turnouts, from the dashing four-in-hand to the diminutive pony phaeton or basket carriage, are to be seen rolling about in all directions every afternoon. It appears that an afternoon drive, like dressing, bathing, feeding, and flirting, has grown to be an absolute necessity. Mr. Arnot, an Englishman from Leeds, staying at the Ocean Hotel, expressed his surprise at seeing so many handsome turnouts at a watering place in this new and interesting country. He very kindly predicted that after a few years we would have a famous carriage route that could rival Rotten Row and the Bois de Boulogne. Lady drivers have increased during the last few days; in fact, driving is becoming a fashion among the fair sex, but I am sorry to say that they are not all capable of handling the reins, and are dangerous to pedestrians. It is to be hoped that they will not drive over a few real noble men who parade up and down Ocean avenue every afternoon, gazing at young ladies who have not the pleasure of their acquaintance, and bowing very low to the brilliant lights who flash by them in dashing equipages, and then looking nervously round in hope that we have all seen the chaste salute, and would look upon them with reverence forever after.

SCUBBED.

There are a dozen or two Independents of Republican antecedents still left in Macon county, and we commend to them the following from the *Ottawa Free Trader*, one of the most uncompromising Democratic papers in Illinois:

"It will thus be seen that the convention substantially rejected the proposed fusion with the Independents by endorsing their ticket. The only two candidates taken from the independent ticket are Steward for Governor and Hise for auditor, and both were doubtless taken on account of their hitherto clear record as Democrats. It is not, therefore, as yesterday's *Times* charges with indecent and reckless falsehood, a 'union of the Democracy with the searlet woman,' or any 'adulterous fusion,' or a marriage, or a fusion in any sense. Messrs. Steward and Hise are nominated and placed upon the St. Louis, not the Indianapolis platform; are nominated as Tilden and not as Peter Cooper men, and as such will be supported. If they are not Tilden men and refuse to give their support to the St. Louis nominees, they will be invited to step down and out. As the nominees of the Democratic convention, Steward and Hise are good enough Democrats for us. We have known them intimately for many years, and to call either of them anything but a straight, square Democrat would be a misapplication of terms."

REPEALED.

The House of Representatives on Saturday, by a vote of 106 to 83, passed the bill to repeal that clause of the resumption act fixing the date for the resumption of specie payments. Of the Illinois members, Messrs. Anderson, Campbell, Caulfield, Canoe, Eden, Fort, Harrison, Hartzell, Springer and Stevenson, voted in favor of the repealing act. Messrs. Bagby, Buchard, Morrison and Whiting voted in the negative.

GOVERNOR TILDEN'S letter is marred rather than helped, as a document of symmetry and style, by the numerous extracts it contains from the Governor's utterances, and it is not worth while now to be at such pains to prove to the Soft Democracy that their candidate has long been a hard-money man. In several portions of the letter the Governor's felicity in phrase-making appears, and he is happy in his last paragraph; but associated with the letter of Hendricks, it must fail to make a favorable impression upon the country corresponding to and answering that produced by the able and winning letter of the Republican candidate.—*Cincinnati Commercial*.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Adjournment Prospects.

PRESS COMMENTS ON TILDEN'S LETTER.

Newspaper Mortality.

DENIAL OF A DEMOCRATIC LIE.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—The Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice made majority and minority reports to-day. The majority report recommends a reduction of the judiciary fund to \$2,500,000; finds that Davenport, Supervisor of Elections in New York, has not accounted for \$34,000 given him from the Ku-Klux fund, and that the President and two Attorney Generals, Ackerman and Williams, who supplied Davenport with \$34,000, diverted it from its proper purpose to one entirely foreign to the objects of the law. It is recommended, therefore, that the Supervisor of Elections be abolished, that the election laws of Congress be repealed, or, if not repealed, that strict accounting shall be made of the Ku-Klux fund—no part of it to be used in the machinery of elections; that the Attorney General take the necessary steps to recover the \$34,000 unaccounted for, and that no person be allowed to hold more than one office under the United States Government.

The minority report says that the majority report is merely campaign document; defends John J. Davenport, and claims that, instead of censure, Ackerman, Williams and Davenport are entitled to commendation.

NEW YORK, August 5.—The *Tribune*, in a leader, says of the letters of acceptance of Tilden and Hendricks: "To say there is nothing in either of them taken separately, or in both of them taken together, to account for the length of time it has taken to prepare them, is but to anticipate the judgment of the reader. Neither of the candidates has contributed anything specially new to the political situation, or thrown any new light upon the issues already defined. The same paper in another editorial says, reviewing the letters: 'Of Mr. Hendricks' letter, it is hardly necessary to say any more than that it is all that Gov. Tilden's is not—a very bitter, narrow, offensive, partisan document.'"

The *Herald* says: "If Gov. Tilden's friends can inspire the country with a belief in his power to carry out his pledges, without any peril to the achievements of the war from the advent of a new party, the desire for a change is so widespread that this canvass may be a meaning one. If on the other hand it is feared that the end will be 'Leaping Niagara,' then all the genius and skill of a letter of acceptance will not overthrow the strongly seated power of Republicanism."

The *Times* thus concludes an article "Nothing could more forcibly illustrate the barrenness, the timidity and the inborn craftiness of Mr. Tilden than the shuffling and delay which have attended the ushering into the world of this abridgment of last January's message. It is absurd to suppose that men of cultivation, intelligence and moral sense can be the victims of such a charlatan as Mr. Tilden shows himself to be by his treatment of questions so vital, that in the right solution of them, the continued existence of our government in its present form not improbably depends."

The *Star* writes: "Governor Tilden's letter of acceptance is the strongest, clearest, ablest, most statesmanlike, most suggestive and most satisfactory political document, that has been laid before the public within a long period of time."

"Governor Hendricks' letter sustains the principles and positions of Tilden, and leads us to believe that he is thoroughly in co-operation respecting all the great measures of public policy now before the country."

The *World* says: "Upon all other points of the St. Louis platform, the statements which have been selected to give its doctrines effect, understand themselves thoroughly, and agree with each other, and with the party thoroughly, and when sent, as they will be sent, to Washington by the votes of the American people in November next, to do that great work will do it thoroughly."

CHICAGO, August 5.—A. C. Babcock, chairman of the Republican state central committee, denies positively the statement published here, that Cullom, republican candidate for governor, will withdraw from the gubernatorial contest, or that anything has been said of the matter in the committee.

Citizens, remember that Harvey Downing's Hack line makes calls on any part of the city for 25 cents. Find his slate at Snyder & Gue's drug store July 27-3d.

BOONVILLE, Mo., August 5.—Lary Hazen, the celebrated Cincinnati detective, Patrick Lawler, of the St. Louis police force, A. R. Saunders of Ottumwa, and Hobbs Kerry, one of the suspected Missouri Pacific train robbers, arrived in this city on the two o'clock train from Sedalia. They were conveyed on their arrival to the office of Coe & Walker, where an examination was made and Kerry bound over in the sum of \$10,000 to await the action of the Grand Jury. The accused has been turned over to Sheriff Rogers, who will see that he is properly cared for until an action by the Grand Jury is taken. The detectives who are in the city will not give the newspaper reporter the slightest chance to gain any information concerning the result of the examination to-day. It is thought, however, that a real train robber is in jail, and will get full justice.

CHICAGO, August 5.—The *Evening Telegraph*, Mr. Storey's evening paper, which started eight weeks ago, and which has been a lively and exceptionally brilliant paper up to this time, advocating the claims of Samuel J. Tilden, for president, publishes its last issue this evening. The editorial announcing the suspension says that the experience of the past eight weeks has demonstrated the fact that the city of Chicago and surrounding country will not support an active afternoon daily, such as the *Telegraph* has aspired to be, and that the editor therefore leaves the field to his older and better established rivals.

The Chicago *Post and Mail* has changed hands, and will appear on Monday as the *Post*, with McMullen Brothers as editors and proprietors.

WASHINGTON, August 6.—It is the general opinion that even if congress adjourn this week, it will not be until the latter part. The conference committee on legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills, will soon come to an agreement. The house will, it is said, recede ultimately from its proposition to transfer the Indian bureau from the interior to the war department, so that the only bill about which there is continued trouble is the consular and diplomatic, no effective step having yet been taken to reconcile the differences between the two houses. But if congress were, apart from this, ready to adjourn, no one seems to doubt that an agreement would soon be reached.

TILDEN, THE HESSIAN.

From the Philadelphia North American. There was an old Pennsylvania Dutchman, so the story ran, who in the earlier days of the Republic pestered the Treasury officials not a little. He turned up annually with his claim for a pension, but he failed to make his title clear. Year after year he presented his petition. At last somebody thought it worth while to catechise the old man. What regiment was he in? He did not know. Where did he serve? Well, he remembered serving Jersey and about Philadelphia. Perhaps he fought under Wayne. Well, perhaps he fought under Washington? "Washington! Gott in himmel, ach no!" spluttered the old man, "I was a Hessian." So the old Dutchman actually fought in the war of the Revolution. It is true that he fought on the other side, but then he fought. We believe the government did not give him a pension, simply for the reason that he fought on the wrong side. But we do those things better nowadays. We pay men who fought on the other side five or six thousand dollars a year to legislate for us. And the Democratic party has a habit of nominating men who sympathized with the rebellion for the highest office in the people's gift. We cannot regard Mr. Tilden's claim for a pension very desperate. It is true that by word and example he discouraged efforts for the maintenance of the Union. But he made some sort of a record, and it will have to stand.

New Advertisements.

NEW BAKERY RESTAURANT.

MILAM & DANIELS

Have opened a New Bakery in NO. 10, Southeast Corner Old Square,

where they will always have on hand FRESH BREAD,

Pies, Cakes, &c.

Lunches and Warm Meals Served at all hours.

FARMERS are cordially invited to call, if they wish a good meal served at a moderate price. Decatur, August 5, 1876.—d&w.

P. LOEB'S IRON WORKS!

Corner of Broadway and the 7, W. & W. L. R., Decatur, Illinois.

Is now in running order, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of fine Castings in gray iron, also Window Weights, Hinges, Posts, Cellar Grates, Scaffolding, Ladders, &c. Estimates made to order. 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Sample work worth \$100 from SIMMONS & Co., Portland, Maine. March 9, 1876.—d&w.

THE ONLY ONE PRICE STORE IN DECATUR HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW

We to-day reduce our stock of PARASOLS, LINEN SUITS, LAWNS, PERCALES, and ALL SUMMER GOODS

TO COST.

Our entire stock of LACE POINTS, LACE JACKETS and LACE TALMAS to prices much BELOW COST TO CLOSE. A splendid time to buy the above named goods. We are receiving new stocks of PRINTS, MUSLINS, and other Domestic Goods, at LOWER PRICES THAN USUAL. Also, a great many Novelties in TIES, BELTS and FANCY NOTIONS.

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.
Decatur, Ill., July 18, 1876 d&w

GREAT DEMONSTRATION!

WONDERFUL EXCITEMENT

Over the Issues of the Day.

Owing to a change which will take place in our firm about September 1st, we have concluded to

REDUCE OUR STOCK

Of Goods to the very lowest state, and have

REDUCED ALL PRICES

TO NEAR COST. We mean business, and will convince you of it if you will call and examine our goods. Our stock MUST BE REDUCED, it matters not at what sacrifice.

Call soon and get THE BARGAINS, at

S. EINSTEIN'S,

NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET.
Decatur, July 7, 1876.—d&w

Chancery Notice.

In the Circuit Court, August Term, A. D. 1876.
STATES OF ILLINOIS, ss.
MACON COUNTY, ss.
NOTICE is hereby given that such is now pending in the Circuit Court of Macon county, in the State of Illinois, as the chancery cause therein, wherein Lucius D. Allen and Ellen Shipman co. administrators of Stephen Shipman, deceased, William L. Henderson, and Edward Harpster and Henry Shindeman, firm of Harpster & Shindeman, are complainants, and Benjamin B. Smith, deceased, Mary J. Smith, Emily C. Smith, Alice W. Smith, William J. Smith, Fanny Smith, Anna B. Smith, Frank Smith and Mary E. Smith are defendants; that said cause has been set for said county, on Monday, the 7th day of August, A. D. 1876, at which time the defendants are said cause must appear and answer the bill of complaint filed therein, or the same will be taken pro confesso against those not answering, and said cause will thereupon, as to the defendants not answering, be set for hearing as aforesaid.
J. McCELLAN, Clerk of the Circuit Court.
Nelson & Rowe, Solicitors.
Decatur, June 25, 1876.—d&w

New Advertisements.

CHAS. L. PAGE,

147 STATE STREET, CHICAGO,

MANUFACTURER OF CRESTING, FENCES, & WIRE-WORK.

IMPORTER OF MINTON'S ENGLISH TILES

For Halls, Vestibules, Bank Floors, &c. Estimates sent on application.

PURE UNCOLORED TEAS!

HICKSON'S Standard Teas are free from the injurious Powder used by the Chinese to improve the appearance of the Leaf, and are therefore

PURE and WHOLESOME.

Gunpowder, 25, 50, 60, 70, Standard 90. Young Hyson, 25, 50, 60, 70, Standard 90. Japan Sencha, 25, 50, 60, Standard 70. Oolong, 25, 50, 60, Standard 70. English Breakfast, 50, 60, Standard 70.

Send for Price List.

Teas sent C. O. D. to ALL parts of the United States.

Families or clubs sending their orders will have their Goods carefully selected, securely packed and delivered free at any depot in the city.

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113 East Madison St., CHICAGO, ILL.

July 20-d&w

DR. P. B. SPARKS, HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE—Over the New Post Office, Residence—No. 41 North Main street, April 21, 1876.—d&w.

The Daily

Decatur, Ill., Monday Evening, August 7, 1876.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are authorized by

of D. O. POWELL, Esq.,

representative in the

subject to the action

convention.

CITY DEPT.

Organization of the

Central Com.

Decatur, Ill.

The republican com

mittee met at the cou

Lichtenberg, of W

